## **Creating an Effective Password**

A good password isn't difficult to create. All you need to do is keep in mind a few simple rules.

Don't choose something of personal significance. In other words, don't use:

Your name or the name of someone close to you or a pet's name

Your address

Your Social Security Number

Your favorite hobby or pastime

Your current or favorite vehicle name

Any other information that is associated with you, your activities, or your preferences.

- Don't choose something trivial. For instance, don't use 12345 or AAAAA as your password.
- Don't use the word "password" as your password. This only puts you and APHIS in jeopardy.
- Don't use a common dictionary word, regardless of the language. Password cracking programs compare passwords to dictionary words in an attempt to find a match.

OK, so those are the things you shouldn't do. So what can you do to create a good password?

- Create a unique password by combining two or more words into something that you will easily remember. For example, Go4aGetter or Protetion2Me or Run4Love.
- Another technique is to make up a phrase that you will readily remember and then use the first letter from each word in the phrase to develop your password. For example: the phrase "My security officer is 1 peachy guy" results in Msoi1pg.
- Good passwords are at least six (6) characters long and use a mix of letters (both upper and lower case), numbers, and special characters. Just avoid having a number at the beginning or end to make password cracking more difficult.
- Use different passwords for your network access, email, screen saver, and so forth.
- Change your password often. This helps protect you in case someone accidentally learns your password.

Now that you've chosen a good password, make certain to protect it. If someone else uses your user identification and password, the system will think that person is you. Whatever they do on the system will now be considered your doing – and maybe your fault. So, don't post your passwords on your terminal screen or elsewhere in your work area. If you absolutely must write them down (unlikely, if you use the techniques above) keep your password(s) in your purse or wallet.

## PASSWORDS IN FFIS AND BRIO

- All passwords must have 8 characters.
- The User ID number is the same throughout the Financial Data Warehouse, and FFIS.

**FINANCIAL DATA WAREHOUSE** (FDW) you go here when running an FDW report with the Brio tool.

Once a day you will have to go through the SecuRemote Screen.

User ID: <u>UXXXE##</u> (UGCTE02)

**Password:** ###### (This is 7 characters password made up of 34, which is APHIS' agency code, and the 5 character zip code of the area you are at. For this example Riverdale would be 3420737).

Now when you run a report you will be asked again to but in a password.

**User ID:** <u>UXXX##</u> (UGCTE02 same user ID number as the one above.)

**Password:** <u>X###XX#X</u> (This is the password you set up when going into the Kansas City Data warehouse screen, for more information go to the "Instructions for Resetting the FDW Password" in section 4 of this manual.)

## **FFIS**

Once a day you will have to go through the SecuRemote Screen.

**User ID:** *AP###* (AP999)

**Password:** ###### (This is 7 characters password made up of 34, which is APHIS' agency code, and the 5 character zip code of the area you are at. For this example Riverdale would be 3420737).

**User ID:** *AP###* (AP999)

**Password:** XXXXXX## (This password allows you to enter NFC. You must have an 8 digit password with two digits being numbers.)

Once you reach the FFIS screen you must enter another password. For more information on entering into FFIS go to the "Access FFIS".

**User ID:** <u>UXXX##</u> (UGCTE02 same user ID number as the ones above.

**Password:** X###XX#X (This password is blank until you first use it, you pick an eight

character password. If this password is ever reset, it will be blank again.)